9th Class 2015						
Chemistry		Group-II		Paper		
Time:	15 Minutes	(Objecti	ve Type)	Max. Marks: 19		
Note:	Four possible	ur possible answers A. B. C and D to each quart				
	are given. The choice which you think is correct, fill is					
*	circle in front of that question with Marker					
	Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in z_{e_1} mark in that question.					
1-1-	The removal of electron from an atom gives rise to:					
	(a) Cation √		Anion			
	(c) Molecular	(d)	Molecular	anion		
2-	The empirical formula of glucose is:					
	(a) CH	(b)	CH ₂ O √			
	(c) OH	(d)	H ₂ O ₂	The same of the sa		
3-	Number of elements in normal period are:					
	(a) 18	(b)				
	(c) 8 V	(d)		A STATE OF THE STA		
4-	Which type of forces are dominant during chemica bond formation:					
			(b) A11			
	(a) Repulsive f	al forces	(b) Attrac	tive forces V		
5-	After gaining	one electr	on chlorin	gen bonding		
	After gaining one electron, chlorine atom attains the electronic configuration of which noble gas:					
	(a) Helium		Neon			
6-	(c) Argon √	(d)	Krypton			
0-	Which type of Covalent bond is present in nitrogen (N ₂) molecule:					
	(a) Single Cov					
	(b) Double Co	alent bond				
	(c) Triple Cove	alent hond	1			
	(d) Metallic bo	nd	Υ			

7-	Metals have generally:				
	(a) High ionization value				
	(b) Low ionization value √				
	(c) High electron affinity value				
	(d) High electro-negativity value				
8-	Tyre puncture is an example of:				
	(a) Effusion process √				
	(b) Diffusion process				
	(c) Evaporation process				
87.	(d) Condensation process				
9-	Metal alloys are:				
	(a) Solution of solid in gas				
	(b) Solution of solid in liquid				
	(c) Solution of solid in solid 1				
	(d) Solution of gas in solid				
10-	Which one of the following is weak electrolyte:				
1.18	(a) NaCl (b) NaOH				
	(c) H ₂ SO ₄ (d) CH ₃ COOH 1				
11-	Pure water is an example of:				
	(a) Weak electrolyte √ (b) Strong electrolyte				
	(c) Strong acid (d) Strong base				
12-	The melting point value of sodium metal is:				
	(a) 97°C √ (b) 100°C				
	(c) 110°C (d) 200°C				
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